

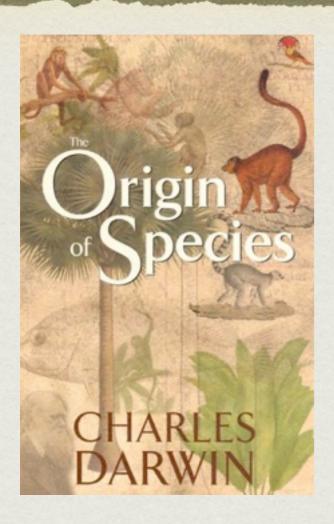
When do you give opioids during a c section?

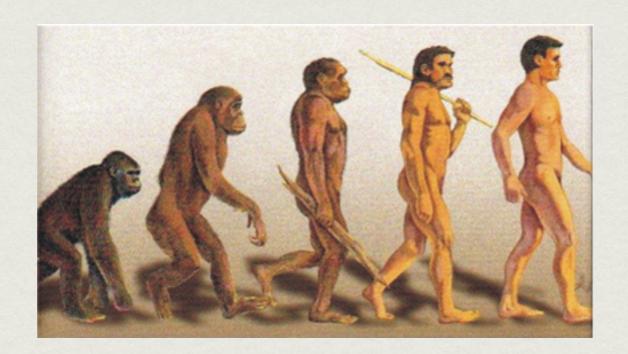
1. immediately before GA induction with thio / sux etc

- 1. immediately before GA induction with thio / sux etc
- 2. after cord clamping (after the baby is delivered)

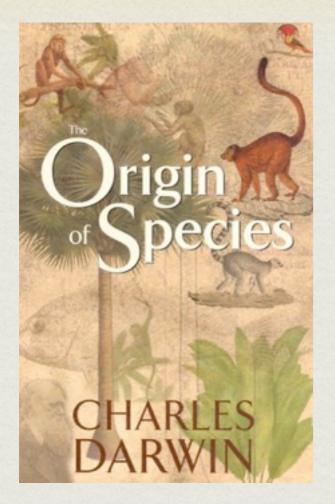
- 1. immediately before GA induction with thio / sux etc
- 2. after cord clamping (after the baby is delivered)
- 3. you don't give opioids at all at any point

- 1. immediately before GA induction with thio / sux etc
- 2. after cord clamping (after the baby is delivered)
- 3. you don't give opioids at all at any point
- 4. you've got no idea where the delivery ward is!

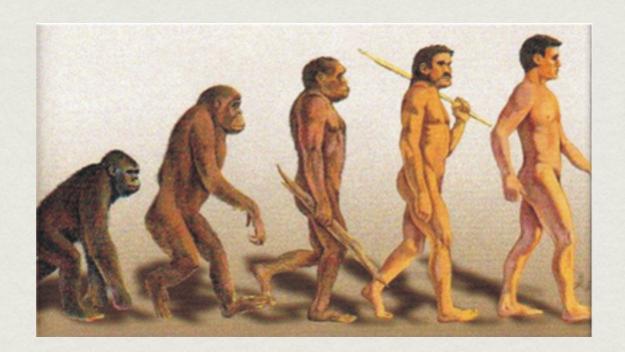




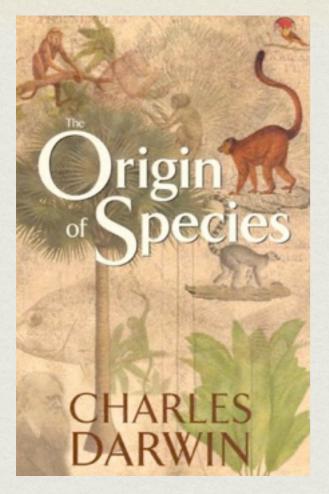
evolution



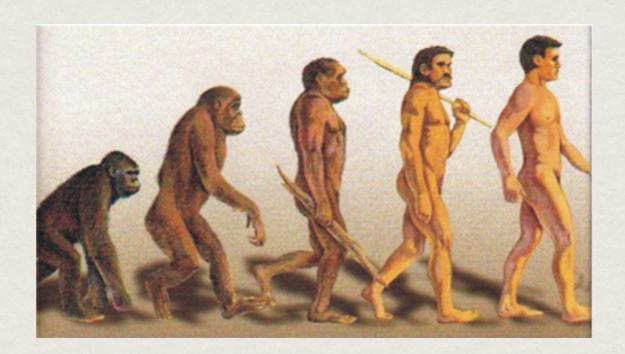




evolution

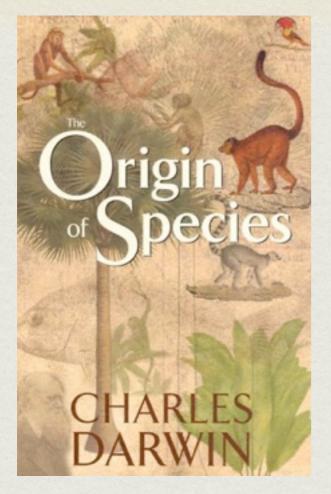




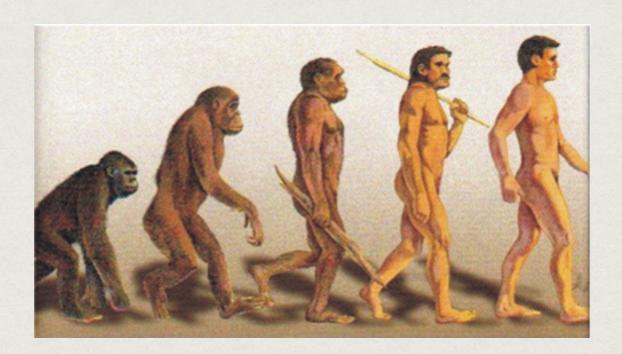


evolution





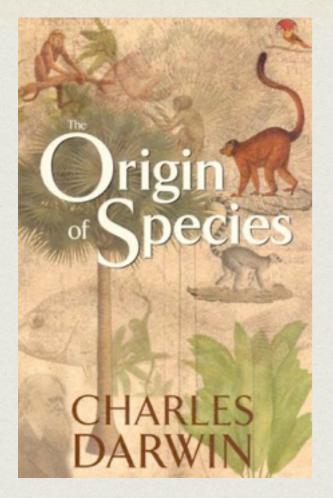


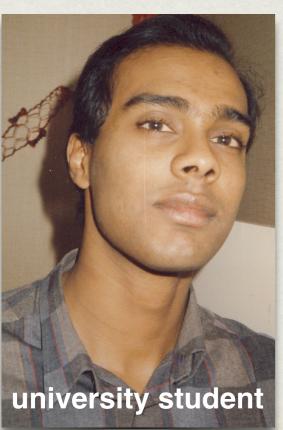


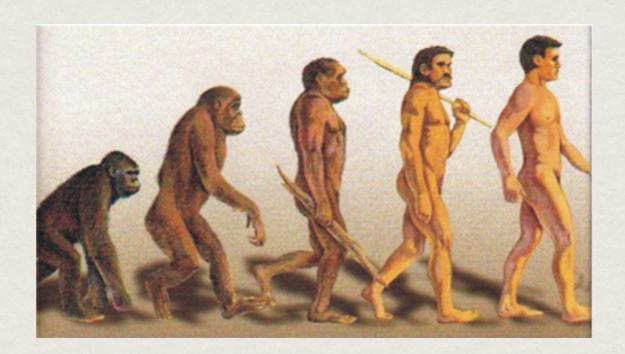
evolution











evolution







rapid sequence induction, 50 yrs ago ...



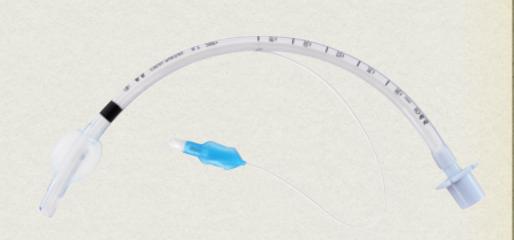
- no lateral table tilt
- no cricoid pressure
- bag & mask ventilation







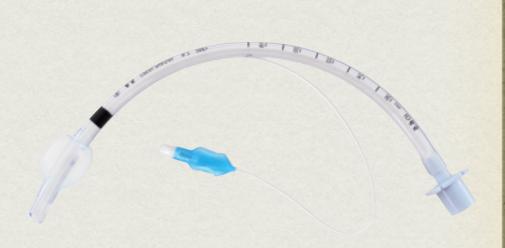






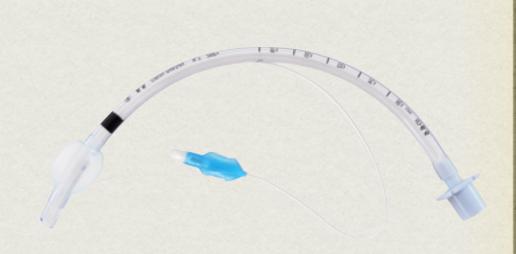






















what's your routine obstetric rapid sequence GA

1. opioid / thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT

- 1. opioid / thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT
- 2. thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT > opioid post delivery

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- 2. thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT > opioid post delivery
- 3. opioid / propofol (thio) / rocuronium / ETT

- 1. opioid / thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT
- 2. thiopentone (propofol) / sux / ETT > opioid post delivery
- 3. opioid / propofol (thio) / rocuronium / ETT
- 4. propofol (thio) / rocuronium / ETT > opioid post delivery



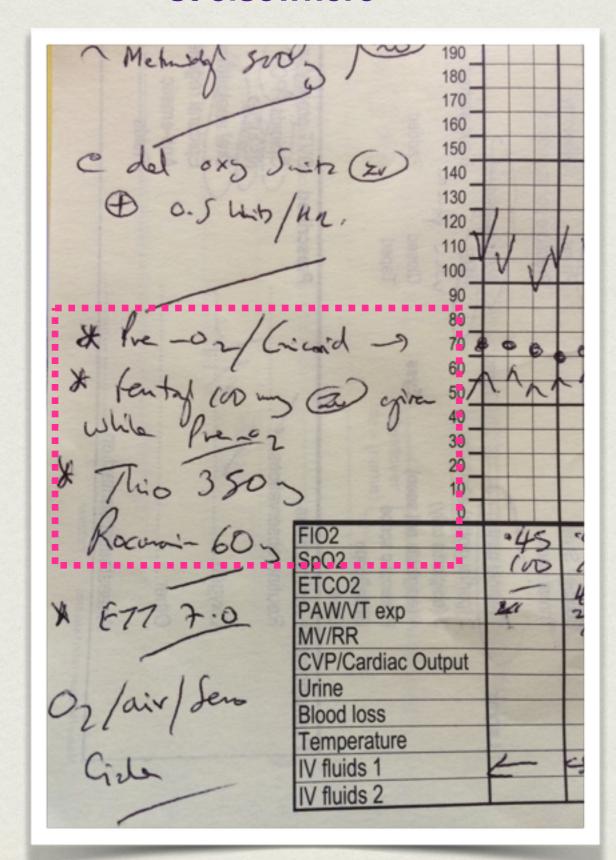
"st elsewhere"

Mehnely sor	in (En)	190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90
* fenty com while presez * This 350? Roconi- 605	of a cylina	80 70 8 6 6 60 50 10 40 30 20 10 0
* ETT 7.0 Or/air/Sens Cide	PAW/VT exp MV/RR CVP/Cardiac Ou Urine Blood loss Temperature IV fluids 1 IV fluids 2	tput 2

"st elsewhere"

Mehning soon	190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110	
X ETT 7.0 PA MN CV Uri Blo	30 cylra 50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	* fenty com a of While Preser * This 350 5 Rocard 60 y F102

UCLH / EGA



GENERAL ANAESTHETIC		
RSI - preoxugerata		
Frota	DRUGS	TIME
Popolor 180mg	Fermin	100
Recurrent fong	marone	5
- youl	ceproxime	15
OURF.	Syntom	Sundy + 40
Sye 7 hibe 20 cm€ teeth	agamina	7
Tred	0	
DENTITION CHECKED PCV 21/5	Inhal. Agents &	cor use 1.1
TV 540	BP 200	
VENTILATION DETAILS: 1:15 1:15	188	7A@ 1150
PL12		KTS@ 1103
Bur hugge	166	12 pash dat 15
0.221 110 90	140	
LA TECHNIQUES		1145 00 05
	120	1 12
TAR Block.	100	VV
	100	I YYY
	Pulse 80	
	60	
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00	$\uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \downarrow$
12 3 11 2 1 3 5 2 3	40	
LINES, ETC	20	
	20	
169 DLH	Monitors SpO ₂ 0	
	ETCO2	
	FIO ₂	1.0, 0.5
MONITORING EQUIPMENT	CS L (VV)	1000
fin , erca	030 100	1000
MYZ BP, ECG, Sacz,	IV Fluids	
era	Urine Output	0

UCLH/EGA

GENERAL ANAESTHETIC RS1 - Preoxygenate	:
Stota	DRUGS TIME
bedown 180m	Ferry 100
Rocuronm fong Grade I	ceproxime 15
fre 7 hibe 20 cm	Sigammadex Sink + 4
Tred	
DENTITION CHECKED PCV 21/5	Inhali Agents State 1.1
TV 540	BP 200

GENERAL ANAESTHETIC

Popolor 180 mg
Rownon Fong Grad

INTUBATION:

Sye 7 hube

Grade I E BURP. 20 cm @ teeth

DRUGS	TIME	12"
Ferrage	100	
marone		
ceproxime	1.5	
Syntoin		
digammade	×	



its all about trusting people... having confidence in what they say



Vs.



the problem ...



background to obstetric GA

pain & physiology

familiarity

difficult airway

awareness

fetal concerns

the problem ...

background to obstetric GA

pain & physiology

familiarity

difficult airway

awareness

fetal concerns





background to obstetric GA

- old opioids slow onset ... new opioids fast onset / offset
- delay return of spont. respiration after failed intubation!
- critical ↓SpO2 before return of spont. respiration

Apnoea in pregnancy: an investigation using physiological modelling



Benumof 1997

background to obstetric GA



- old opioids slow onset ... new opioids fast onset / offset
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Apnoea in pregnancy: an investigation using physiological modelling



Benumof 1997

background to obstetric GA



- old opioids slow onset ... new opioids fast onset / offset
- delay return of spont. respiration after feiled intubation !
- pregnant patients
 critical ↓SpO2 before return or desaturate quicker

Apnoea in pregnancy: an investigation using physiological modelling



Benumof 1997

pain & physiology





balanced anaesthesia

mother



team anaesthesia



- opioids the norm outside obstetrics
- laryngoscopy / intubation
 - ↑ HR ↑ BP ↑ VO2
 - cathecholamine release
 - myocardial contractility

pain & physiology



mother



team anaesthesia



- opioids the no moutside obstetrics
- laryngoscc / / intubation

what about high risk mothers??
e.g. cardiac

BP 1 VO2

cholamine release

balanced anaesthesia

myocardial contractility

Uterine Blood Flow and Plasma Norepinephrine Changes during Maternal Stress in the Pregnant Ewe

Sol M. Shnider, M.D.,* Richard G. Wright, M.D.,† Gershon Levinson, M.D.,‡ Michael F. Roizen, M.D.,§
K. Lindsay Wallis, M.B., Ch.B.,† Stephen H. Rolbin, M.D.C.M.,† John B. Craft, M.D.*

1979





Reduced uterine blood flow and fetal hypoxemia with acute maternal stress: experimental observation in the pregnant baboon

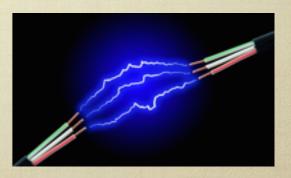


1979



- painful stimulus: electrical current <u>or</u> toe clamping !!
- uterine blood flow for several minutes
- cathecholamines
- fetal heart rate
- fetal oxygenation

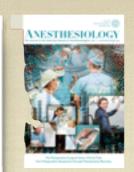




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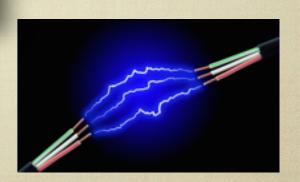


- painful stimulus: electrical current or toe clamping!
- uterine blood flow for several minutes
- cathecholamines

what about fetal distress in a compromised fetus

- fetal heart rate
- fetal oxygenation





Maternal and foetal effects of remifentanil for general anaesthesia in parturients undergoing caesarean section: a systematic review and meta-analysis

Heesen et al, 2013





Does intravenous fentanyl affect Apgar scores & umbilical vessel blood gases during caesarean section under general anaesthesia Maghsoudloo et al, 2010



Alfentanil Given Immediately Before the Induction of Anesthesia for Elective Cesarean Delivery

Gin T, Ngan Kee W et al, 2013





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umbilical under oudloo et al, 2010



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- improved CVS stability- Apgars & cord gases similar

duction of ivery

n Kee W et al, 2013





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Alfentanil Given Immediately Before the Induction of Anesthesia for Elective Cesarean Delivery

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- improved CVS
- ↓ maternal cathecholamines / ↑ UApO2
 - ↓ 1 min Apgar



familiarity

Training in anaesthesia: a vanishing art?

Johnson RV, 2000

General anaesthesia in obstetrics: what about the trainers?

Bartlett R, 2012

Rapid sequence induction: a national survey
of practice Morris & Cook, 2001









< 5 GAs / year



familiarity

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< 2 GAs / year

familiarity

Training in anaesthesia: a vanishing art?

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familiarity

Training in anaesthesia: a vanishing art?

Johnson RV, 2000

75% of anaesthetists used opioids routinely for RSII

Bartlett R, 2012

Rapid sequence induction: a national survey of practice Morris & Cook, 2001











difficult airway

Trisk of failed intubation in obstetrics

1 obesity airway challenges

GA exposure for all anaesthetists



difficult airway

risk of failed intubation in obstetrics

1 obesity airway challenges



↓ GA exposure for all anaesthetists



difficult airway

opioids improve intubating conditions

Dose of alfentanil needed to obtain optimal intubation conditions during rapid-sequence induction of anaesthesia with thiopentone and rocuronium

Abou-Arab MH, 2007



- RSII: 36-40 mcg/kg alfent + thiopentone + rocuronium
- improved intubation conditions



difficult airway

opioids improve intubating conditions

Influence of induction technique on intubating conditions after rocuronium in adults: comparison with rapid-sequence induction using thiopentone & suxamethonium Sparr HJ, 1996



- RSI: 20 mcg/kg alfentanil + thiopentone + rocuronium
- improved intubation conditions



awareness

NAP5

5th National Audit Project of The Royal College of Anaesthetists and the Association of Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland

Accidental Awareness during General Anaesthesia in the United Kingdom and Ireland

Report and findings

September 2014

Editors
Professor Jaideep J Pandit
Professor Tim M Cook







Association of Anaesthetists of Great Britain and Ireland

	Estimated annual	AAGA	
	Number of cases	Number	Incidence
All obstetric GAs	17,000	14	1:1,200 (0.08%)
CS under GA	8,000	12	1:670 (0.15%)
GA for other procedures	9,000	2	1:4,500 (0.02%)



awareness

"there were 14 cases of AAGA during obs anaesthesia.

Obstetric cases account for only 0.8% of all GAs **BUT** ~

10% of all AAGA reports to NAP5"

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awareness

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- syringe swaps, inappropriate thiopentone
 - doses, failure to turn on volatile agent
- "mind the gap"
- "opioids should be considered"

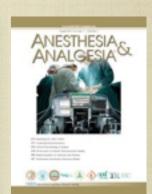


awareness

271 cases of AAGA

Awareness During Anesthesia: Risk Factors, Causes and Sequelae: A Review of Reported Cases in the Literature

Ghoneim MM, 2009





awareness

271 cases of AAGA

Awareness During Anesthesia: Risk Factors, Causes and Sequelae: A Review of Reported Cases in the Literature

Ghoneim MM, 2009



"The anesthetic regimens that were reported in awareness cases used less premedicants, induction and maintenance anesthetics and less opioids as compared with the control sample"





fetal concerns

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

Neonatal effect of remifentanil in general anaesthesia for caesarean section:

a randomized trial

Pavlina Noskova, 2015

BMC Anesthesiology elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

- RCT, 150 patients remifent 1mcg/kg, 30 sec pre-induction GA
- outcomes: Apgar scores // respiratory support // cord gases





fetal concerns

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Open Access

Neonatal effect of remifentanil in general anaesthesia for caesarean section:
a randomized trial

Pavlina Noskova, 2015



elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

Apgar score 0-7	remifentanil	control	P value
1 min	19	7 *	0.017
5 min	5	2	0.442
10 min	0	0	_





fetal concerns

RESEARCH ARTICLE

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Neonatal effect of remifentanil in general anaesthesia for caesarean section:
a randomized trial Pavlina Noskova, 2015







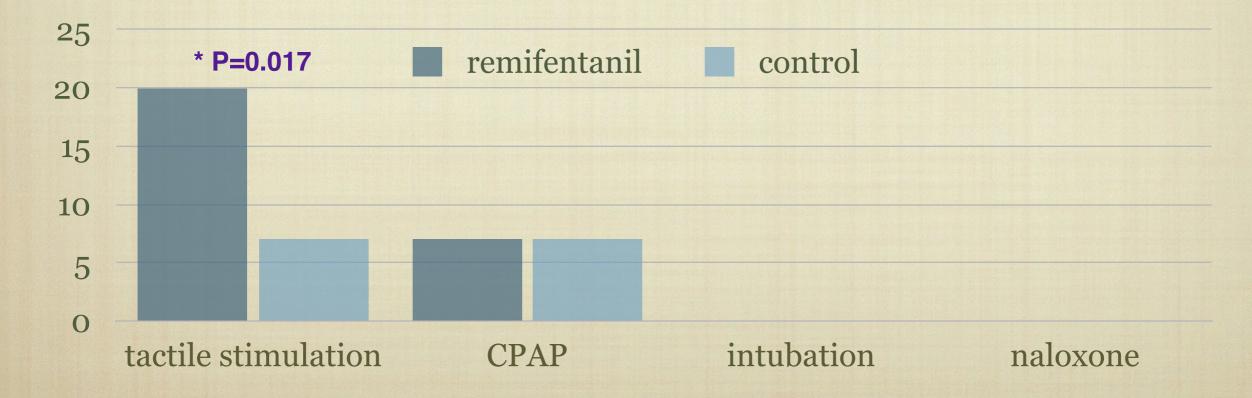
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fetal concerns

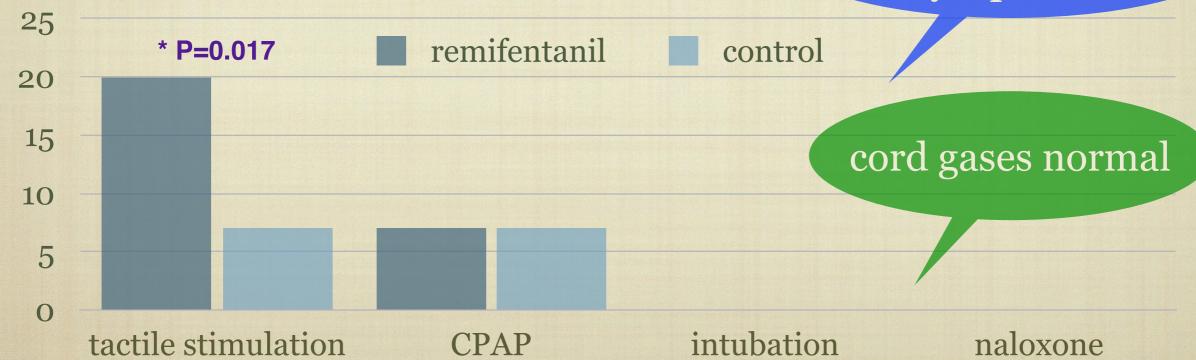
Neonatal effect of remifentanil in general anaesthesia for caesarean section:
a randomized trial

Open Access

Pavlina Noskova, 2015



short lived symptoms





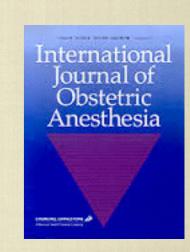


fetal concerns

elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

Remifentanil for cesarean section under general anesthesia: effects on maternal stress hormone secretion and neonatal well-being: a randomized trial Draisci, 2008



- RCT, 42 patients
 - remifent 0.5mcg/kg bolus pre-induction + iv infusion (0.15mcg/kg/min)
 - vs. fentanyl after cord clamping





fetal concerns

elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

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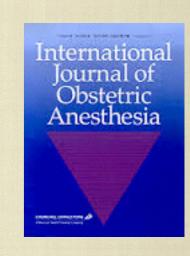


fetal concerns

elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

Remifentanil for cesarean section under general anesthesia: effects on maternal stress hormone secretion and neonatal well-being: a randomized trial Draisci, 2008



■ ↓ ACTH level

remifentanil gp

- 3 neonates intubated temporary ... no naloxone given ...





fetal concerns

elective c delivery general anaesthesia

Maternal and neonatal effects of remifentanil for general anaesthesia for Caesarean delivery.

Bouattour, 2007



- RCT, 40 patients
 - remifent 0.5mcg/kg pre-induction bolus + infusion 0.2mcg/kg/min
 - no neonatal depression?? dose dependent effect





fetal concerns

elective c delivery

general anaesthesia

Maternal and neonatal effects of remifentanil for general anaesthesia for Caesarean delivery.

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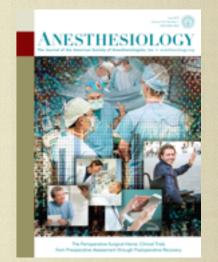
fetal concerns

elective c delivery general anaesthesia

Maternal and Neonatal Effects of Remifentanil at Induction of General Anesthesia for Cesarean Delivery

A Randomized, Double-blind, Controlled Trial

Warwick Ngan Kee, 2006



- RCT, 40 patients
 - remifent 1 mcg/kg pre-induction single bolus
 - Apgar / cord gases equivalent; 2 neonates >> naloxone







fetal concerns

elective c delivery general anaesthesia

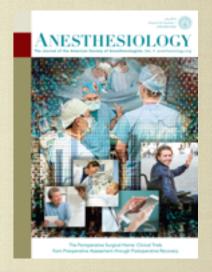
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UA/ UV 0.60 remifentanil pharmacokinetics









fetal concerns

elective c delivery general anaesthesia

Maternal and Neonatal Effects of Remifentanil at Induction of General Anesthesia for Cesarean Delivery

A Randomized, Double-blind, Controlled Trial

Warwick Ngan Kee, 2006



UV/ MA 0.73

UA/ UV o.60 remifentanil pharmacokinetics

"remifentanil readily crosses the placenta, but undergoes metabolism / redistribution in the neonate



neonatal outcome issues



"neonatal outcome" secondary

other obstetric factors

Apgars subjective

neonatal support criteria

thiopentone vs. propofol

neonatal outcome issues

"neonatal outcome" secondary

other obstetric factors

Apgars subjective

neonatal support criteria

thiopentone vs. propofol



to conclude

DOUBTS

DOUBTS



opioids are dangerous

fetal depression

only use in high risk mothers

its ok to use an unfamiliar GA technique

TRUST ME



TRUST ME

use a technique you are familiar withnot one you use twice a year

don't be frightened of opioids ...
use a short acting one ? remifentanil

most of the GA cases are emergency ... so neonatology support present



only one conclusion

only one conclusion

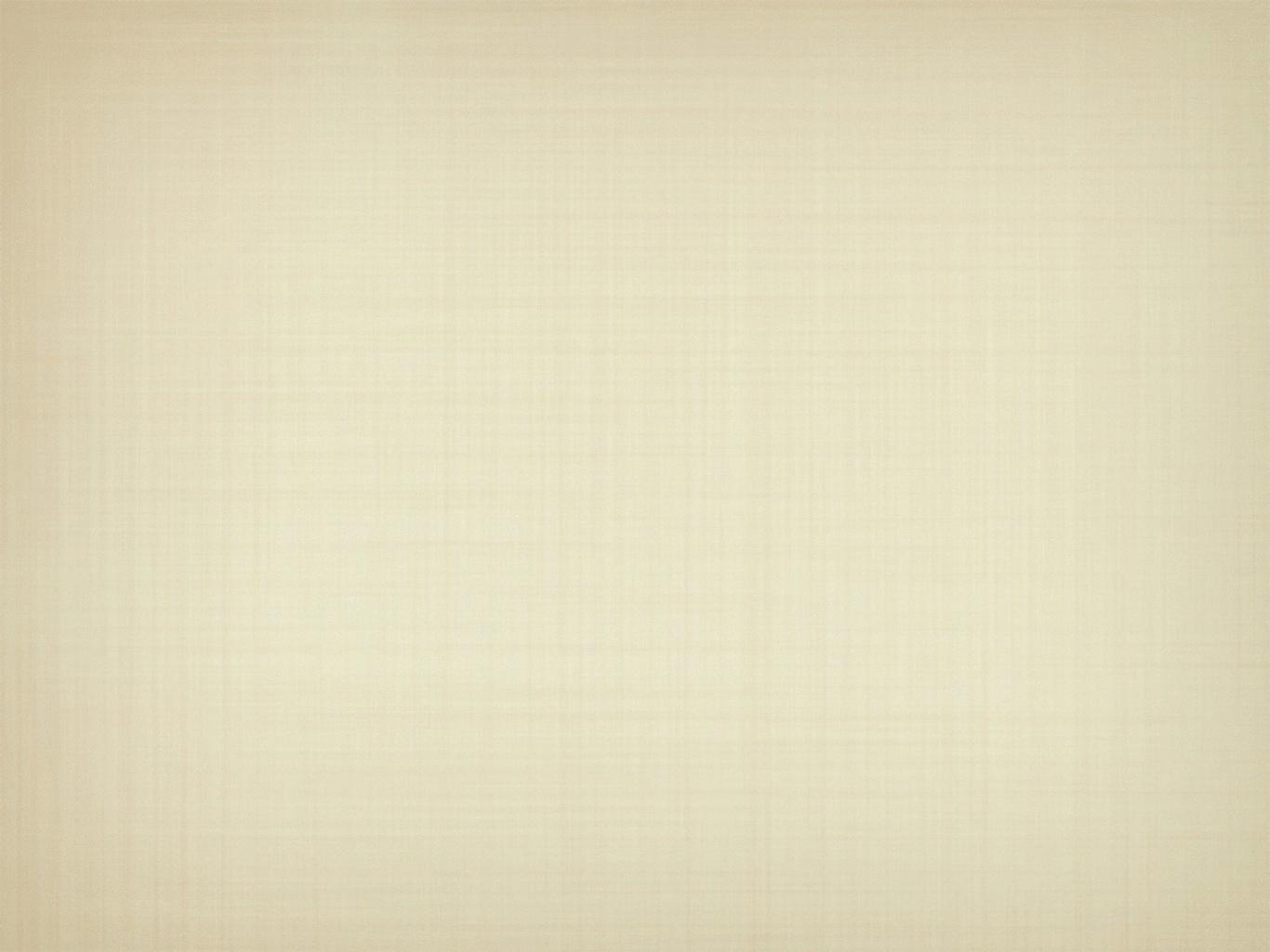
"opioids should routinely be given at induction for GA caesarean delivery"











thank you

